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- (d) Agency officials shall check the Nonprocurement List before entering covered transactions to determine whether a participant in a primary transaction is debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded (Tel. #).
- (e) Agency officials shall check the Nonprocurement List before approving principals or lower tier participants where agency approval of the principal or lower tier participant is required under the terms of the transaction, to determine whether such principals or participants are debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded.

§ 12.510 Participants' responsibilities.

- (a) Certification by participants in primary covered transactions. Each participant shall submit the certification in appendix A to this subpart for it and its principals at the time the participant submits its proposal in connection with a primary covered transaction, except that States need only complete such certification as to their principals. Participants may decide the method and frequency by which they determine the eligibility of their principals. In addition, each participant may, but is not required to, check the Nonprocurement List for its principals (Tel. #). Adverse information on the certification will not necessarily result in denial of participation. However, the certification, and any additional information pertaining to the certification submitted by the participant, shall be considered in the administration of covered transactions.
- (b) Certification by participants in lower tier covered transactions. (1) Each participant shall require participants in lower tier covered transactions to include the certification in appendix B to this subpart for it and its principals in any proposal submitted in connection with such lower tier covered transactions.
- (2) A participant may rely upon the certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that it and its principals are not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction by any Federal agency, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. Participants may decide the

method and frequency by which they determine the eligiblity of their principals. In addition, a participant may, but is not required to, check the Non-procurement List for its principals and for participants (Tel. #).

(c) Changed circumstances regarding certification. A participant shall provide immediate written notice to the Department of the Interior if at any time the participant learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances. Participants in lower tier covered transactions shall provide the same updated notice to the participant to which it submitted its proposals.

DRUG-FREE WORKPLACE REQUIREMENTS (GRANTS)

Source: $55 \ FR \ 21688, \ 21701, \ May \ 25, \ 1990, \ unless otherwise noted.$

EDITORIAL NOTE: Nomenclature changes for \S 12.600 through 12.635 appear at 55 FR 21702, May 25, 1990.

§ 12.600 Purpose.

- (a) The purpose of the drug-free workplace requirements for grants is to carry out the Drug-Free Workplace Act of 1988 by requiring that—
- (1) A grantee, other than an individual, shall certify to the agency that it will provide a drug-free workplace;
- (2) A grantee who is an individual shall certify to the agency that, as a condition of the grant, he or she will not engage in the unlawful manufacture, distribution, dispensing, possession or use of a controlled substance in conducting any activity with the grant.
- (b) Requirements implementing the Drug-Free Workplace Act of 1988 for contractors with the agency are found at 48 CFR subparts 9.4, 23.5, and 52.2.

§12.605 Definitions.

- (a) Except as amended in this section, the definitions of §12.105 apply to the drug-free workplace requirements for grants.
- (b) For purposes of the drug-free workplace requirements for grants—
- (1) Controlled substance means a controlled substance in schedules I through V of the Controlled Substances